

Communication Law & Ethics RU COMS 400 Unit 2



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Class web site: revolutionsincommunication.com/law

On Track: Unit 2

- Read Section 2 on web site
- Assignment 2 Ethics hypothetical
- Take quiz 2

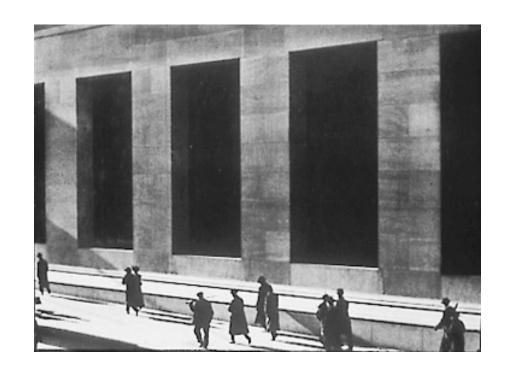
Structure of this section:

- How ethics works for the media
- Historical & religious traditions of ethics
- Professional codes of ethics
- Media & social responsibility
- Ethical thinking / hypotheticals

Why be ethical?

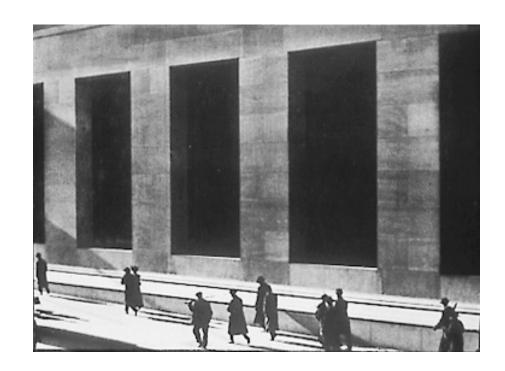
- A virtuous life is far happier
- Practical benefits of an earned reputation for honesty
- Important in career development
- Loyalty is to professional standards, not to current boss or job
- Need to keep long term issues in mind when dealing with ethical problems

Ethics & the Media



- We all need a reasoned approach that helps us balance conflicting demands and loyalties
- The balance includes ethical traditions (duty, virtue, justice and consequence ethics) as well as personal moral codes.

Ethics & the Media



- Ethics concerns what is right, equitable, fair, just, dutiful and/or responsible.
- Ethics involves the exercise of individual judgement.

Media ethics is a special case

- Broader responsibility than most professions
 - "A free society specifically rejects most speech and press restrictions." – SPJ, Fred Brown
- No external regulatory board (US)
 - This absence of professional discipline makes journalistic codes, including the SPJ Code of Ethics, more advisory than mandatory.

Why study ethics?

- Balance: We all need a reasoned approach that helps us balance conflicting demands and loyalties
- Beyond the surface: How do we arrive at concepts of right and wrong?
- Practical issues: How do we handle ethical challenges at work?

I Historical traditions

- Virtue ethics / Plato
 - Greek traditions
- Consequence ethics / John Stuart Mill
 - "Teleological" Utilitarianism
 - greatest good for greatest number
- Duty ethics / Immanuel Kant
 - "Deontological" Categorical imperative
- Justice ethics / John Rawls
- Bioethics / Aldo Leopold

Virtue ethics / Greek traditions

- Plato seeking the ideal life
 - Allegory of the cave
- Aristotle "Nicomachean" Ethics
 - Reason creates moral and intellectual virtues and that leads to true happiness (eudaimonia).
 - Moral virtues include moderation, courage and magnanimity; the intellectual virtues include art, science and philosophical wisdom.
- Epicurian
 - The Golden Mean -- seek moderation, good is usually found between the extremes

Duty ethics (Deontological)

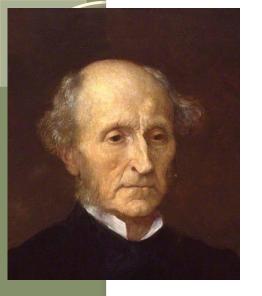
- Base ethical decisions on rules
- Enlightenment philosopher Immanuel Kant (1724-1804)
- We should do what would be right if everyone did it.
 - categorical imperative.
- Its not the consequences that make and action right or wrong, but whether they conform to a greater good.



Duty ethics (Deontological); Immanuel Kant

Categorical imperative: Act as if your rule would become a universal law.

- Act in such a way that you always treat humanity, whether in your own person or in the person of any other, never simply as a means, but always at the same time as an end.
- Act as though you were, through your maxims, a law-making member of a kingdom of ends.



Consequence ethics Utilitarianism John Stuart Mill

- Greatest good for the greatest number of people.
- The value of an action is determined by its outcome.
- Problems doesn't involve personal virtue, justice or duty. Also, the greatest good for the majority might be very bad for a minority.



Justice Ethics / John Rawls

Alternative to utilitarian, duty ethics.

- Social choices should be made in nonself serving way from an unbiased original position or "veil of ignorance."
- Example: Those who cut the pie are the last to chose their own portion
- Distributive justice (equitable benefits / costs) versus procedural justice (maintaining rules & standards)

Bioethics

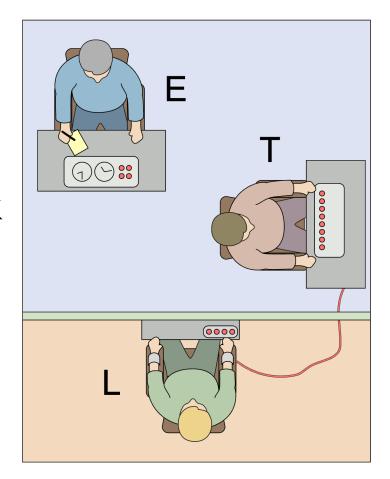
- Aldo Leopold Scope of ethics widens to include all humans (not just family or nation) and the natural environment
- All beings have moral value
 - Kant said human cruelty to animals was wrong because it degraded humans; bioethics says its wrong because animals have their own (intrinsic) moral value.
 - Medical research should be ethical
 - Belmont report 1979 presents ethical standards for research

Issues that led to Belmont report

- Nazi experiments 1930s 1945
 - Hideous cruelty; Tests of drugs and treatments to advance Nazi racial & ideological goals
- Serratia germ warfare experiments 1950
 - Dangerous bacteria sprayed in San Francisco
- Tuskegee Syphilis Study 1932-1972
 - News reported by Associated Press
- Stanford U. prison experiment The "guards" became cruel to "inmates"

The Milgram Experiment 1961

- Tests obedience to
 E (experimenter),
 who orders
 T (teacher) to shock
 L (learner)
- E & L collaborate;
 the subject is T
- Fake electric shocks escalate to lethal levels (450 v)



Simpsons / Milgram SE01 E04 - There's No Disgrace Like Home

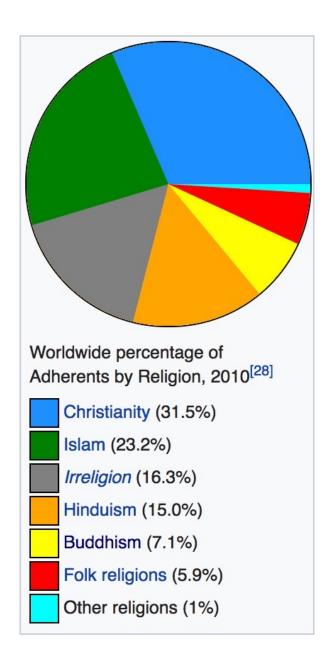


Belmont Report 1979

- Conference location outside DC
- Ethical Principles and Guidelines for the Protection of Human Subjects of Research
- Three core principles Autonomy (respect for persons), Beneficence, and Justice.
- Primary areas of application via IRBs -informed consent, assessment of risks
 and benefits, and selection of subjects.

Religious traditions

- Buddhism 520 million
- Christian 2.24 billion
 - Judaism 17 million
- Hinduism 1.15 billion
- Islam -- I.8 billion



Buddhism

- Gautama Buddha (480 400 BCE)
- Why do we suffer?
 - We cling to impermanent things, keeping us in samsara, endless cycle of death and rebirth
- The way to liberation, to nirvana is ...
- The eightfold path: Right views, Right aspirations, Right speech, Right conduct, Right livelihood, Right effort, Right mindfulness, and Right meditational attainment.

Buddhism

- Ethics -- Five Precepts (not commandments)
 - Abstain from killing (<u>Ahimsa</u>);
 - Abstain from stealing;
 - Abstain from sensual (including sexual) misconduct;
 - Abstain from lying;
 - Abstain from intoxicants.

Christianity

- Based on teachings of Jesus Christ
- Ten Commandments (also Judaism)
 - No other gods, no graven images, name of God not taken in vain, holy Sabbath, honor father and mother, don't kill, don't commit adultery, don't steal, don't lie, don't covet.

Christianity

- Trust God: "You shall love the Lord your God with all your heart, with all your soul, and with all your mind. This is the first and great commandment." Matthew 22:36-38
- Love your neighbor: "You shall love your neighbor as yourself"
- Don't love money "For what profit is it to a man if he gains the whole world, and loses his own soul?"

Hinduism

- Ancient religion of India and SE Asia
- Vedas, Upanishads, Bhagavad Gita
- Sanātana Dharma -- ethical duties
 - Honesty, refraining from injuring living beings, purity, goodwill, mercy, patience, forbearance, self-restraint, generosity, and asceticism.
- Karma moral law of cause & effect
- Liberation from sorrow and suffering through virtue is life's goal

Islam

- Based on teachings of Prophet Muhammad
 - ∘ (570 632 CE)
- Quran Major religious text
- Surrender to the will of God
- Mercy (rahmat) & forgiveness
- Depictions of people, & especially
 Muhammad and God, forbidden
- Six articles of faith: Belief in: Allah, Angels, Holy
 Books (Quran), Prophets, Day of Judgement, predestination
- Five pillars: Faith, prayer, charity, fasting, pilgrimage

3 Moral principles

- Autonomy / people make their own choices without manipulation
- Nonmaleficence / do no harm
- Benificence / help people
- Justice / fairness
- Fidelity / honor
- Veracity / truthfulness

3 Principles (cont)

Communitarian or Libertarian?

Egalitarian

Altrusitic

Social Cons.

Economic Lib.

Elitist

Individualistic

Social Liberal

Economic Cons.

Professional Ethics

- SPJ Soc. Professional Journalists
- AAF Am. Advert. Federation
- PRSA Public Relations Soc. Am.
- RTNDA RadioTV News Dir. Assn.
- NPPA Nat'l Press Photographers Assn.

SPJ code of ethics

- Society of Professional Journalists
- Seek the truth
- Act independently
- Be accountable and transparent. Admit mistakes.
- Minimize harm and have compassion for those who may be affected adversely by news coverage.

AAF code of ethics

- American Advertising Federation
- Distinguish ads from news & editorials
- Substantiate claims
- Be fair; consider the audience
- Protect privacy
- Follow regulations
- Full disclosure of financial context, business ownership

4 Other Ethics Codes

- Rotary International Four Way Test
 - I. Is it the truth?
 - 2. Is it fair to all concerned?
 - 3. Will it build goodwill and better friendships?
- 4. Will it be beneficial to all concerned?



Info Comm Tech (ICT) ethics aka Social Responsibility

 New but, like bioethics, spring from a perception of unethical conduct by the big social media companies like Facebook (Meta), Google (Alphabet), Apple, Amazon, Microsoft and others.

• Issues:

 Misuses of artificial intelligence (replicating propaganda bots or copyright violations);
 (more)



ICT ethics 2

- Hate speech against individuals, cultures, ethnic groups, nations
- Invasions of personal privacy, surveillance (eg China's "social credit" system);
- Violations of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights;
- A lack of fairness in the global media structure
- Algorithms boost hate speech in social media;
- "Truth decay" (vaccines, elections, insurrection, etc)
- Election interference / foreign propaganda



Info Comm Tech (ICT) ethics aka Social Responsibility

- International Law
- Nuremburg principles
- Hutchins Commission
- MacBride Commission (UN)
- Rwanda, Bosnia, Myanmar tribunals
- Cultivation Theory
- Non-violent communication
- Peace journalism



International law

- Hugo Grotius
 - On the Law of war and peace 1625
- International Humanitarian Law
- Red Cross
- International Criminal Tribunal at The Hague, Netherlands (Holland)



Hugo Grotius 1583 - 1645

- (I am) fully convinced...that there is a common law among nations, which is valid alike for war and in war, I have had many and weighty reasons for undertaking to write upon the subject.
- Men rush to arms for slight causes, or no cause at all ... it is as if, in accordance with a general decree, frenzy had openly been let loose for the committing of all crimes.



Hugo Grotius 1583 - 1645

- On the Law of War and Peace 1625
- Just causes for
 war: <u>self-</u>
 <u>defense</u>, <u>reparation of</u>
 injury, and <u>punishment</u>;
- Rules governing conduct of war





Geneva Conventions

- Red Cross 1864
- Wounded 1907
- Prisoners of War 1929
- Civilians in War 1947
- Unified conventions 1949



Nuremburg Trials 1946





Burnberg, im Mai 1934.

Jüdischer Mordplan

gegen die nichtjüdifche Denfcheit aufgebedt

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Die Juden sind unser Unglück!

Der Stiff Deutsches Wochenblatt zum Rampfe um die Wahrheit

Mürnberg, im November 1937

1937

Wirtschaft und Audentum

Dhne Lofung ber Aubenfrage feine Erlofung ber deutschen Birtichaft Der Sturmer und ber beutiche Raufmann

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Damon Belb



Geib ift Macht! Wer Gubengeib beaucht, muß unfere Macht hibten. Man muß bie Moltre nur bagu beingen über ibre Berbattniffe ju leben, bamit fie unfee Weld beauchen

Die Juden sind unser Ungläck!







Nuremburg Principles 1946

- Principle VII -- "Complicity in the commission of a crime against peace, a war crime, or a crime against humanity ... is a crime under international law."
- Julius Streicher, editor of Der Sturmer, a Nazi newspaper that forcefully advocated extermination of Jews, was convicted of crimes against humanity and executed at Nuremberg in 1946.



- Others in German Nazi media were imprisoned as war criminals, for example:
- Leni Rheifenstahl, whose 1936 Triumph of the Will was a celebration of the Nazis (3 years)
- Fritz Hipper, who made The Eternal Jew in 1939 for the Nazis (2 years)



Hutchins Commission 1948

The press should:

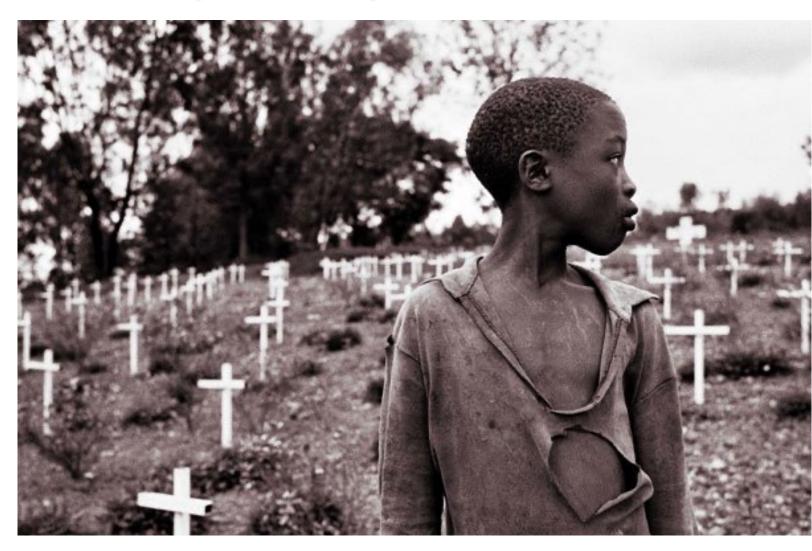
- Give a truthful, comprehensive, and intelligent account of the day's events in a context which gives them meaning;
- Provide a forum for the exchange of comment and criticism;
- Project a representative picture of the constituent groups in the society;
- Promote the presentation and clarification of the goals and values of the society; and
- Provide full access to the day's intelligence.



MacBride Commission, 1980

- Many Voices, One World --- UNESCO
- The unequal flow of communication was making developing nations dependent on the cultural products of the industrial West. Centuries-old customs, time-honored cultural practices and simple life styles were being threatened.
- The one-way flow of information from industrial nations to developing nations was also a problem

Rwanda, Bosnia, 1994 – 98





Propaganda and Conflict: Evidence from the Rwandan Genocide * (David Yanagizawa-Drott, 2014)

• Broadcasts increased militia violence not only directly by influencing behavior in villages with radio reception but also indirectly by increasing participation in neighboring villages. In fact, spillovers are estimated to have caused more militia violence than the direct effects. Thus, the article provides evidence that mass media can affect participation in violence directly due to exposure and indirectly due to social interactions.



Rwandan Genocide

 A United Nations criminal tribunal found the editor of Kangura newspaper and two executives with Rwandan radio had repeatedly called for the killings. They were convicted of genocide, incitement to genocide, conspiracy, and crimes against humanity, extermination and persecution. Two were sentenced to life imprisonment, and one was sentenced to 35 years in jail.



Rwandan Genocide

 If there was Facebook, Tik Tok, and Instagram, it would have been much worse.

UN News: Can you describe what happened over those 100 days, where more than a million people were killed, mostly by machetes?

Henriette Mutegwaraba: It wasn't only machetes. Any tortuous way you can think about, they used.



Henriette Mutegwaraba

Genocide

We keep saying "never again", and it keeps happening: the Holocaust, Cambodia, South Sudan. People in the Democratic Republic of the Congo are being killed now, as I'm speaking (2023).

Serb propaganda that led to ethnic cleansing of Croatians and Bosnians in 1990s





Cultivation Theory

- George Gerbner & others
- Media environment has psych effects
 - "Mean world" syndrome; News about violence leads viewers to believe their world is more dangerous than it is.
 - Body image: Media depictions of an imaginary ideal tend to cheapen the real
 - Some foreign propaganda designed to cultivate culture war in the US





Today Americans are able to elect a president with godly moral principles. Hillary is a Satan, and her crimes and lies had proved just how evil she is. And even though Donald Trump isn't a saint by any means, he's at least an honest man and he cares deeply for this country. My vote goes for him!



Russian Propaganda

Created by trolls in St. Petersburg Russia according to Senate Intel. Committee Report

97 Reactions 15 Comments 29 Shares



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Examples of ethical dilemmas

- Journalists -- Protecting sources, ID victims, privacy vs news, conflicts of interest, inaccuracy
- Advertising & PR Cultural differences (Nestle infant formula), PETA ('holocaust on your plate), misleading ads (tanning)
- Media production privacy, graphic images, cultivation of fear, lack of awareness of foreign propaganda

Would you report ...

- Names of witness to a crime?
- Names of juvenile charged in crime?
- Names of victims of crime?
- Names of people with communicable disease?
- Credibility of witnesses in an upcoming criminal trial?

Would you report ...

- Allegations of prior offenses just before a trial or an election?
- Names of people who died in an accidenty <u>before</u> relatives notified?
- "Police say they have a confession...?"
- "The accused has a rap sheet ..."
- Rufused breathalizer (or polygraphy or gunshot residue)

Dominion power paid editors

- The Virginian-Pilot and the Daily Press published unsigned editorials related to Dominion Energy and state energy policy that were written by a columnist who also works as a part-time speechwriter for the company.
- Gordon G.C. Morse, a longtime columnist for the Hampton Roads newspapers. Morse started an ongoing, part-time speechwriting contract with Dominion Energy in 2006, according to a spokesperson for that company.
- Which ethical codes does this violate?

Ethical dilemma

Your editor assigns you to attend a civil rights demonstration in Charleston SC, but not to write about the speakers' points of view. Only write a story if there is violence, and then only write about the violence. But when you arrive, the police chief reminds you of your duty:



"The more you (journalists) do your job, the less I have to do mine."

-- Reuben M. Greenberg, Chief of Police, Charleston SC 1982 – 2005

Journal News Gun Map

Should you publish a list or a map of "Concealed carry" gun permits in Westchester County NY?

Why or why not?



Professional ethics





ABOVE: A young man walks through chest deep flood water after **looting** a grocery store in New Orleans on Tuesday, Aug. 30, 2005. Flood waters continue to rise in New Orleans after Hurricane Katrina did extensive damage when it made landfall on Monday. (AP Photo)

LEFT: Two residents wade through chest-deep water after **finding** bread and soda from a local grocery store after Hurricane Katrina came through the area in New Orleans, Louisiana (AFP / Getty).

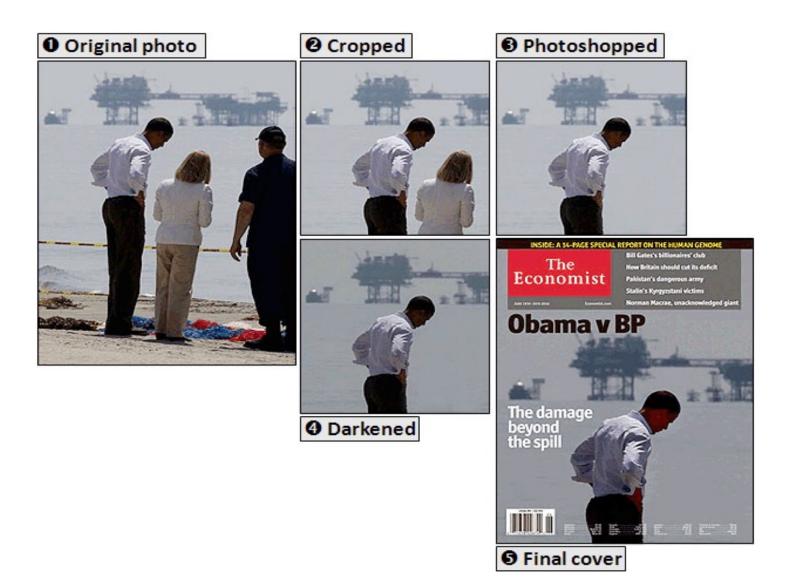
Professional ethics - VisComm





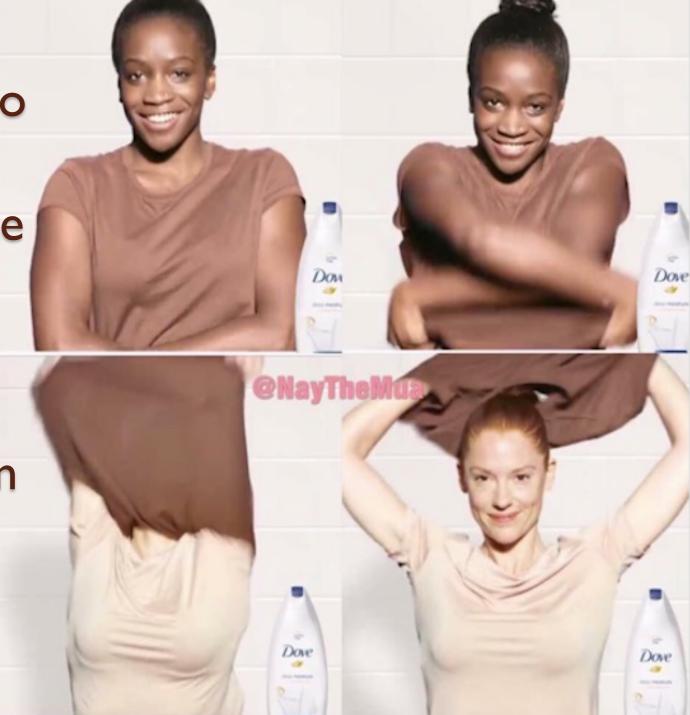


Does this give the wrong impression?



How do we evaluate this

Dove soap ad from 2017?



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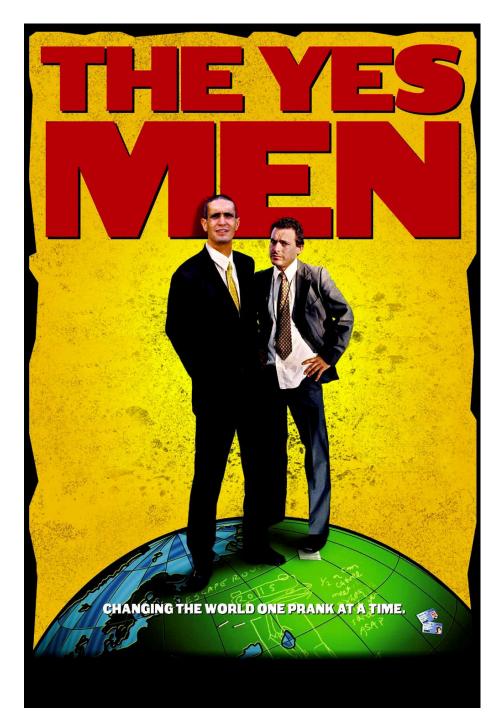


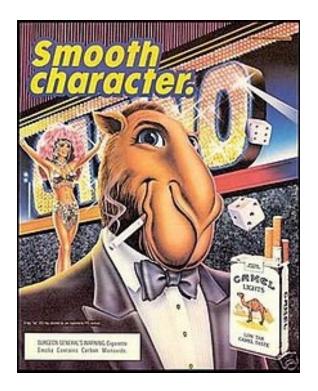


Manka Dhingr

Anticonsumerist pranksters

Lampooning government and business with fake press conferences and videos



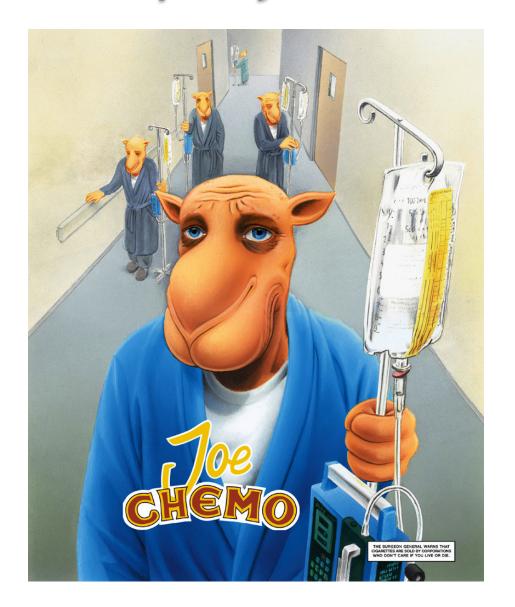


Was it legal? Ethical?

Did RJ Reynolds approve?

Does it matter?

Parody of Joe Camel

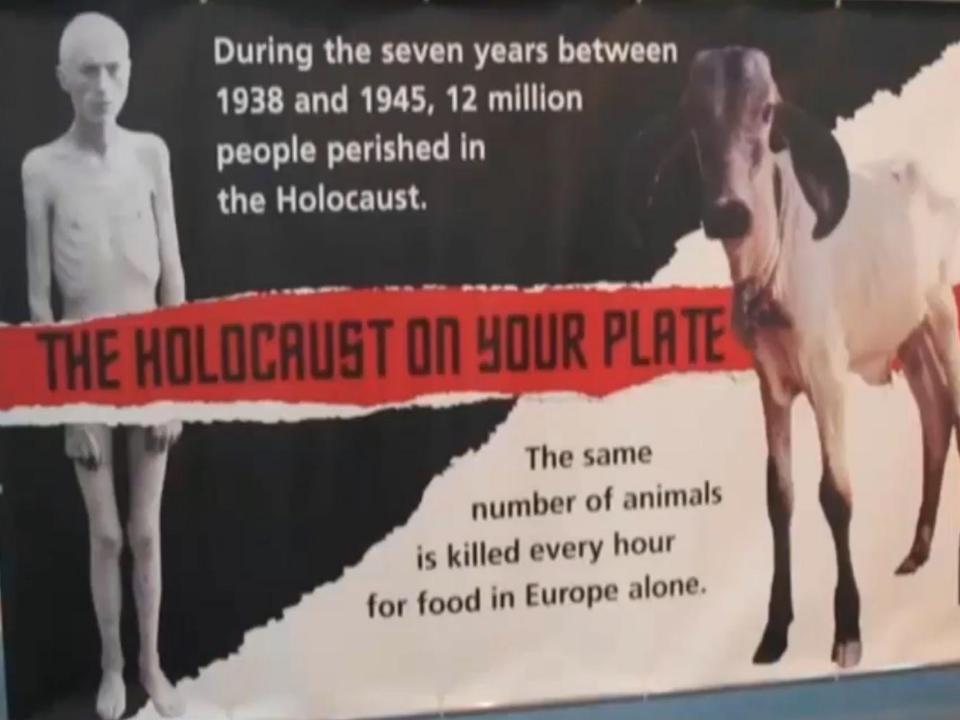




- "Ethical reasoning is the ability to identify, assess, and develop ethical arguments from a variety of ethical positions."
- Describe the ethical problem
- Identify stakeholders: Who is affected?
- Identify stakeholder interests
 - Consider ethical traditions
 - Consider religious / moral positions
 - Consider professional codes of ethics



- Consider opposing rights, interests, or policies
- Assign each a degree or level of importance
- Balance according to traditions & codes
- Decide which factors have more weight
- Explain your decision





- Stakeholders PETA, Human rights groups, US & European audiences
- PETA duty clear, but is comparison OK with rights groups & audiences?
- Consequences more vegans, or more outrage from emotional campaign?
- Justice ethics Should the great injustice of the Holocaust be compared with raising animals for meat?



- Bioethics what is the relative value of animal life? Animals rights advocates believe that all living creatures have rights beyond their utility to humans. Hindus and Buddhists also believe that it is not moral to harm any living thing.
- Are those rights comparable?



- Decision Ads ran in the US but not EU
- Ads banned by German and European human rights courts
- The ad made the fate of the victims of the Holocaust "appear banal and trivial."
- The consequences of dramatically comparing animal and human suffering may cause more harm than good.



Non-violent comm theory

- Nonviolent Communication (NVC) is an approach to communication based on the principles of nonviolence. It is not an attempt to end disagreements, but rather a method that aims to increase empathy and improve the quality of life
- Began with Marshall B. Rosenberg (1934 -2015) PhD conflict resolution expert



Non-violent comm theory

FOUR COMPONENTS
OF NVC

4. REQUESTS

3. NEEDS

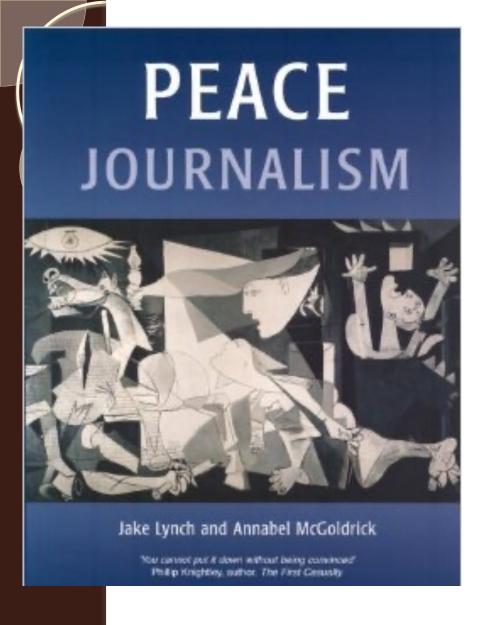
2. FEELINGS

1. OBSERVATIONS



What is peace journalism?

- When editors and reporters make choices that prompt and enable readers and editors to consider and enable non-violent responses to conflict
- War journalism typically 2 parties, one winner
- Peace journalism many parties, focus on negotiations focus on civilians
- Peace Journalism is factual reporting, not advocacy
- But in situations of conflict, there are always people who are working for peace, it is the work of those people that can be reported as a way to make that material accessible to readers and audiences...



Beginning to take a different view of war reporting -- Emphasis on helping peace to break out.

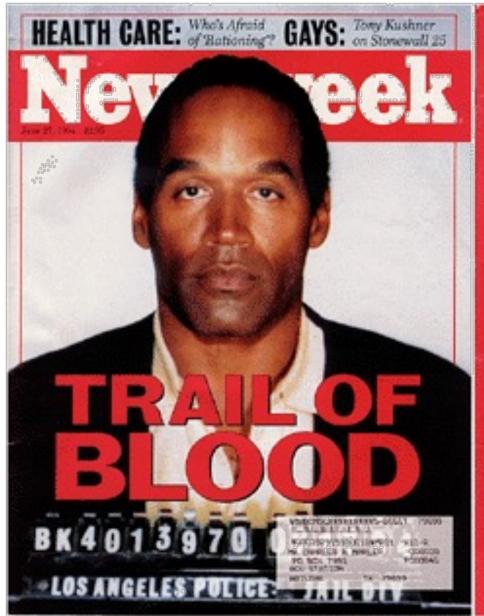
PEACE/CONFLICT JOURNALISM	WAR/VIOLENCE JOURNALISM
Peace/Conflict-Oriented	War/Violence-Oriented
· multiple parties / goals / issues	· 2 parties, 1 goal (to win)
· giving voice to all parties	· 'us vs them' journalism
· humanization of all sides	· dehumanization of 'them'
· proactive	· reactive
Truth-Oriented • expose untruths on all sides/uncover all cover-ups	Propaganda-Oriented · expose 'their' untruths / help 'our' cover-ups
People-Oriented · focus on all victims (women, aged, children)	Elite-Oriented · focus on 'our' victims (soldiers, 'heros')
Solutions-Oriented · peace = non-violence + creativity	Victory-Oriented · peace = victory + ceasefire

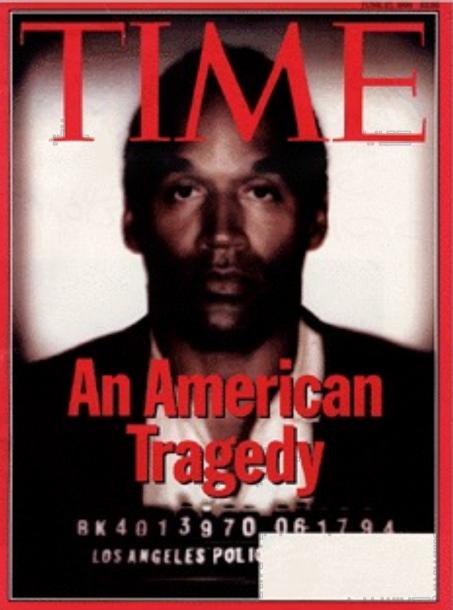
Thank you



- Journalists -- Protecting sources, identification of private people, conflicts of interest
- Advertising & PR Cultural differences, misleading or demeaning advertising
- Media production Invasions of privacy, graphic images, copyright issues

OJ Simpson – 1994 magazine covers







- A photographer for the newspaper has taken a very strong photo of the face of a middle aged woman at the scene of a fire. You learn that she was a co-owner of the house that was on fire, and that her husband and three children were lost in the fire. The look on her face is so very strong because she is experiencing a great tragedy.
- The editors believe that the photo is too invasive, but the photographer feels it tells a cautionary story and would be good for fire prevention efforts. The photographer also believe this may win him a Pulitzer, and thinks it should run. What do you think?
- Use the Ethics Evaluation (above) as well as the SPJ Code of Ethics, Virtue, Duty,
 Utilitarian and Justice ethics and (also if you think it's appropriate) your religious and
 ethical traditions.
- You have been asked to help with a GoFundMe campaign for an inventor who says he can turn radioactive waste into harmless water with a secret process. He wants to raise investment money for his company, which he says is a non-profit and therefore eligible for charity donations. He won't provide any proof for his claim, and says if he does, someone might steal his invention.
- Clearly, the guy is out to make a buck, but what's wrong with that? Maybe it's true that he has a process You're no scientist. Besides, he's offering a commission of 25% on donations to his research.
- Evaluate the situation from the standpoint of the American Advertising Federation Code of Ethics; from the standpoint of Virtue, Duty, Utilitarian and Justice ethics; and (also if appropriate) your religious and ethical traditions.

Ethics hypotheticals 2

- Describe or restate the problem in its context
- Identify stakeholders and their goals
- Identify the relevant professional, traditional and moral ethical codes
- Consider a variety of possible decisions
- Apply balancing tests to determine which of the ethical codes can best guide the decision
- Explain / defend your decision

Pro Ethics - Journalism

- Society of Professional Journalists SPJ
- Prescriptive: Seek the truth and report it;
 Minimize harm; Act independently; Be accountable.
- Proscriptive: Do not plagiarize; Do not lie; Do not hurt people; Do not accept gifts or favors; Don't be afraid of criticism; Don't be afraid to discuss and defend your work



Review 2 – Mid Term

Libel hypothetical -- Explain the legal issues and recommend a legal strategy for this hypothetical. Use a systematic analysis: Are the 5 elements present? Can any of the 3 main defenses be applied? Is the plaintiff public or private? What cases are similar to this? Should you mitigate or move to dismiss?

A Virginia Tech coach is arrested and charged with theft in connection with an incident involving a player on his team. On your New River Courier web page, you run a video of the arrest showing the coach being led away in handcuffs along with a photo of the formal charges. Two days later the police drop the charges and say it was all fake news and that the media should never have covered the story. Now the coach is filing a libel suit against your organization. Do you need to apologize? How likely is the coach to succeed in a libel suit?

Review – Libel hypotheticals

- The student government association president tells the student newspaper editor that she doesn't have permission to quote the SGA president in the student newspaper from an open session of the SGA. Even though the quotes are accurate, and do not hurt anyone's reputation, the SGA president hopes to control what the reporter writes with her threat of a libel suit. How worried should the editor be?
- The Blessed Punks, billed as a Christian folk rock group, play on campus, and the review for your student publication says that the only religious part of the experience was the wailing of damned souls coming from the stage. The university decides not to invite them back, saying students didn't like them, and citing your review. They sue for libel. Are you in trouble?
- A retired high school teacher, Mary Sue Smith, is arrested and charged with shoplifting. She suffers ridicule from other teachers in the area. You publish the story and the facts are recorded accurately from the police blotter. She sues for invasion of privacy and libel.



- Lets say the same high school teacher is inaccurately identified on your web site. Its not Mary Sue Smith, it's Mary Roberta Smith. You check the police blotter and sure enough, you made a mistake when you wrote down the name. You had a few days to check it, but you didn't. So now Mary S. Smith is suing for libel. What do you do?
- In court testimony, the president of your university says that Frank Mann, a scientist at your university, has been engaged in criminal fraud for using state funds to pursue research into climate change. You publish the story accurately, and meanwhile, the university president backs off and says it was all just a misunderstanding. Now the professor is suing your publication for libel. So are you in trouble in this libel case?
- An article accusing the mayor of dealing drugs has appeared on one of your news organization's blog sites. As the editor, you ask a part-time reporter about it, and it turns out that the allegations were made by a confidential source. The reporter didn't believe they were true, but he didn't like the mayor and he thought it was his duty to publish the source's opinions. What do you do?
- An advertisement for a local Tea Party group during an election accuses a democratic state legislator of "high treason." The reason for the accusation is the legislator's support for gay rights and opposition to gun rights. Is it libel? What should you do?
- A video of a security guard being arrested and handcuffed on charges of child molesting is shown on your news program. You report only the facts of the arrest, but it turns out that the arrest was the result of a parent's complaint about a shoplifting search. The charges against the guard are dismissed, but she is so embarrassed that she sues your organization anyway in an attempt to recover her reputation.

Privacy hypotheticals

- Someone in your university's public affairs department takes pictures of students and puts up a billboard to advertise the school. However, they did not get permission, much less a signed "model release," from the students. Can the students sue and recover damages?
- You're writing a story about a sexual assault, and you have the victim's name from a police report. Do you print the name? Why or why not?
- Let's say you do print a sexual assault victim's name accurately from a police report, and he feels like his rights to privacy were violated and he sues you for invasion of privacy. Does he have a case?

Privacy hypotheticals 2

- You're working on an ad campaign for a new gated community development, and learn that a famous rock star has already bought a lakefront lot. The star does not want to endorse the development, but you know that sales will skyrocket if you somehow work him into the ad. Should you do it?
- A student running for SGA president has AIDs. You know this for a fact, and you check with the student, and she confirms it but does NOT want that information out there. What do you do?
- You obtain a video of a married celebrity film star having a romantic moment with someone who is not her spouse. The video seems to show passion and even has some nudity. This is really going to get your show known. Should you use it?

Al-Islam

Voluntary submission to God
Performing the five pillars of Islam

Al-Iman

Belief in the six articles of faith of Islam

Al-Ihsan

Attaining perfection or excellence
Deployment of righteousness on Earth
Doing good things to people and benefit them
Advocating for the oppressed and the vulnerable
And others...

Reuben M. Greenberg



"The more you (journalists) do your job, the less I have to do mine."

-- Chief of Police, Charleston SC 1982 – 2005

On a hot morning in Charleston SC, Chief Reuben Greenberg worried that a daily newspaper reporter would follow orders from his editors not to write about a civil rights demonstration taking place at city hall. He reminded the reporter that ethical journalism meant acting independently and following one's conscience rather than blindly following orders. The reporter wrote the article. It infuriated editors at the Charleston Post-Courier, who did not publish it. The article appeared a day later in the New York Times.

Pro Ethics - Ad, PR

- PRSA, Advertising Federation
- Prescriptive: Tell the truth, substantiate all claims, follow the law and regulations (FTC, FDA, etc)
- Proscriptive: Don't lie, don't cheat people, don't offend good taste or public decency.

Pro Ethics – Digital Prod.

- Radio TV News Directors Assn.
- Other media societies and organizations